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1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA 2010	
2	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARTZONA 2010 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF YAVE Chamberlain Deputy	
3	Deputy	
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5	STATE OF ARIZONA,) Yavapai Superior) Court No.	
6) P1300CR20081339 Plaintiff,)	
7	ys.) Jury Trial; vs.) afternoon session	
8	STEVEN CARROLL DEMOCKER,)	
9	Defendant.)	
10)	
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12	000	
13	Proceedings held before the Honorable Thomas B. Lindberg	
14	000	
15	Prescott, Arizona May 28, 2010 1:18 to 4:37 p.m.	
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21	Sandra K Markham, CR, RPR, CSR Certified Reporter	
22	Arizona License No. 50001	
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1	APPEARANCE OF COUNSEL:
2	For Plaintiff: JOSEPH BUTNER
3	JEFFREY PAPORE, Deputy County Attorneys,
4	Yavapai County Attorney's Office.
5	For Defendant: JOHN M. SEARS,
6	Attorney at Law.
7	LARRY HAMMOND, Attorney at Law.
8	ANNE CHAPMAN,
9	Attorney at Law.
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THE COURT: We are resuming State versus Steven
Democker, 20081339. Mr. Democker is present with his
three counsel and the two prosecutors are also present.

What would be your preference in terms of order of things? Do you want to start going over the preliminary jury instructions first?

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, I think we do need to turn to that, but before we do that, I know the Court understands the time pressure that the defense has been under the last 48 hours since this case became a noncapital case and we have been necessarily involved in preparing for the hearings in court and working on the motion that was heard this morning.

But not far from the top of our list is our request that you review and modify Mr. Democker's release conditions and this is the start of a three day holiday weekend. His family is here. His daughter graduates from Prescott High School tonight.

You had said previously, your Honor, in a hearing in which we had made this motion earlier, that you had not found a change in circumstances that you thought justified a modification under Rule 6.8, but you said hypothetically at the time last year that one of the circumstances that you would consider is whether this case was a death penalty or not. Well, now it's not.

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And we have the added benefit over time of Mr. Democker's continuing good behavior in custody, all of the things that the Court knows about the evidence and lack of evidence in the case, and the fact that we are now on the eve of a trial that's expected to last a certain number of weeks and that there are unresolved --

THE COURT: Or uncertain number of weeks if you pardon my interruption.

MR. SEARS: I'm sorry, your Honor?

Or an uncertain number of weeks if THE COURT: you will pardon the interruption.

MR. SEARS: You know, that is probably much more accurate, your Honor.

But the point is I think things have changed in a dramatic way with respect to what this case is about.

We had always told you truthfully Mr. Democker had no intention of running away from the capital charges and certainly he has no intention of running away from these charges, particularly with the benefit of all these additional months of seeing what the State's case is and what more it is not against him.

His family remains firmly in his corner and are here to demonstrate that. He has now missed Katie's graduation from college and is likely to miss Charlotte's graduation from high school. I think there are more good

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reasons now than there were when the previous motions were brought, but most significantly there is a material change in circumstances that would mitigate towards a review of his release conditions in this case, and so I urge the Court to reconsider the matter.

My proposal would be to release him on a bond of no more than \$250,000 which his family might be able to post with the GPS program that we had previously presented to you in so much detail in place with whatever limitations geographically on top of that and if the Court wants pretrial services screening, monitoring, and regular reporting in person, we have no objection that.

I think the plan would be that Mr. Democker for the duration of the trial remain in the Prescott area.

THE COURT: Mr. Butner, Mr. Papore.

MR. BUTNER: Judge, first of all, I don't know why they didn't make this motion in writing and it could be made in writing and then we would all have the opportunity to adequately and appropriately respond.

But secondly, of course, we're opposed. I believe that request is unreasonable. The amount of the bond especially is unreasonably low.

Yes, this is no longer a capital murder case, but it's still a first degree murder case and it's a case that involves a brutal murder and we firmly believe

that we have the right man and we also firmly believe that
the evidence that is now before the Court demonstrates
that the proof is evident in this case that we have the
right man, and a modification of release conditions at
this time I think would be highly inappropriate.

We've also still got the same evidence that the defendant was planning to flee at the time of his arrest and the Court has had in its possession and for its review the books he had ordered surreptitiously, so to speak, and evidence of his plans to get out of the country and go to Mexico and the new passport that he had obtained in preparation for that. All those kind of things.

So we have got somebody that has clearly demonstrated they are a danger to flee and with the charge of first degree brutal homicide, I think that the release conditions should remain as they are presently set.

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, I have explained to you why we have not put this motion in writing. If we put the motion in writing, it would be very brief and would simply say what I have just said, and for the first time in the travel of this case, when we come to look at Mr. Democker's release conditions, we actually have today the victims present and I know that Katie and Charlotte would be happy to tell you how strongly they want their father released pending trial.

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I don't propose to invade Ms. Kennedy's rights to privacy, but I would think it might be appropriate for the Court to inquire --

THE COURT: I think the Court's under an obligation to give them an opportunity to be heard.

MR. SEARS: Yes, your Honor.

And I would just say in terms of flight evidence, that's evidence that has been before the Court and it was before the Court and the Court found that at the end of the Simpson hearing, that the State had not met proof evident, presumption great, nor was there any reason not to set bond in this case, but I would suggest that the amount of bond and the other conditions are all subject to modification and they could be, in my mind, at this point short of a dismissal of the charges, not much more that could be done to change the landscape here than what has happened in the last 48 hours.

THE COURT: Mr. Papore, I noted that --

MR. BUTNER: Right.

THE COURT: -- you went back to address the issue with Ms. Kennedy. Does she wish to be heard in connection with the release question?

MR. BUTNER: I don't think she wishes to address the Court individually, Judge, but she indicated to us that she would be all right with a million dollar bond and

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GPS monitoring.

THE COURT: The daughters have a right to be heard with regard to the issue of release.

Katie and Charlotte?

MR. SEARS: Katie is here. Charlotte is back getting ready for the graduation. Katie Democker would like to speak.

THE COURT: She is of age --

MS. DEMOCKER: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: -- so I will hear from her.

MS. DEMOCKER: Obviously my sister and I both would love to have my father -- sorry -- at home with us and here throughout this and I believe that he would be an extremely valuable presence both in my own life, but particularly in my sister's life. It was hard to not have him at my graduation and if he were able to get out and celebrate this time for my sister and I, we would really appreciate that.

I know you are under a number of different legal obligations, but the lower the bond, the better. My family has worked very hard and they are all here and have traveled at great expense and put a lot into this, so the lower the bond, the better and we would just ask that you take into consideration our need to have our father at home with us.

44:17 1 Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Anything else, Mr. Butner?

MR. BUTNER: Nothing further. Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Sears?

MR. SEARS: With respect to the amount of bond, I am grateful for the remarks of Ms. Kennedy that were communicated here.

The purpose of bond -- I won't review the law. The Court knows the law and the Court knows our position, but an amount in excess of \$250,000 I believe is more than the family can post. Their financial circumstances have not improved in any significant manner and probably given all the circumstances including the state of economy since we were last in front you, \$250,000 would be a stretch. A million dollars would not be makeable. Anything north of \$250,000 is likely not makeable as well.

But the GPS monitoring, your Honor, particularly in the manner that we described to you is a remarkably powerful tool, and I think the combination of bond and GPS monitoring and what we know about Mr. Democker would all assure his appearance. This man has no intention of running away. He intends to continue to fight and resist these charges.

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Judge, one further thing that has 1 MR. BUTNER: 13:45:27 been brought to my attention by the victim representative 2 and that is that John Kennedy has not had an opportunity to be heard concerning these release conditions. 5 THE COURT: I recognize that. I have obviously, pursuant to the State's 6

motion, dismissed the death penalty and I think that was a critical difference -- is a critical difference in the circumstances. Nonetheless, it is still correctly viewed a first degree murder case and the alternative penalty, if the jury were to convict the defendant, who is presumed innocent, of the charges that he is facing, the defendant would be facing life without possibility of parole for 25 years at least or natural life and I still had a significant amount of evidence with regard to alleged plans to flee versus the fact that he was still at his job when -- and working at it when the police came and arrested his in October, some amount of time afterwards.

I recognize that some degree of change has taken place in terms of the State's alleged finding of other evidence that might be indicative of an intention to leave the jurisdiction. I think it's a significant change, but I don't think that I can justify going as far as you are asking, Mr. Sears.

So I will reduce the bond down to one

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1 million dollars cash or secured appearance bond through a 3:47:22 bail bondsman with GPS monitoring as part of that, also. 13:47:25 2

> I appreciate everyone's comments in connection with this, but I think that's where I must be on the case given the totality of the circumstances of the case at the present time.

MR. SEARS: Then the next matter then, your Honor, in view of that and --

I will sign a formal order that does THE COURT: reduce the bond anyway.

> Thank you, your Honor. MR. SEARS:

I am not sure how meaningful that is. THE COURT:

We will have to see, your Honor. Му MR. SEARS: suspicion is not very, but --

> THE COURT: Understood.

MR. SEARS: -- we have prepared some time ago a visitation motion in view of the Sheriff's office utter refusal to consider making any changes, any accommodations to Mr. Democker's visitation schedule in this case.

And we had delayed filing that motion for several reasons, but over the last 48 hours we delayed filing that motion because we thought that the issues regarding the jury selection process and the death penalty demanded our immediate attention, but we will file that motion this afternoon.

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That motion seeks to have this Court 13:48:35 1 13:48:37 2 intervene where the Sheriff will not under the 13:48:41 3 Constitution and grant this pretrial, presumed-innocent 13:48:46 detainee visitation in a reasonable way, and we will bring 5 that motion down now and file it, your Honor. I would 13:48:51 6 like that motion heard as quickly as possible. 13:48:54 I am not sure, frankly, that the State has 13:48:56 7 any stake in this matter as it is a motion directed to the 13:48:59 Court asking the Court to rule where the Sheriff declines to do that, and I can -- unless the County Attorney is 10

So I would be prepared to even discuss that matter this afternoon.

going to take the unusual position they need to represent

the Sheriff on this matter, then I don't think it's a

dispute in which their response is necessary.

MR. BUTNER: Judge, I am sure you are well aware we do have an assigned Deputy County Attorney that does represent the Sheriff's office on a frequent basis.

THE COURT: Mr. Fields has been in court before on this case.

MR. BUTNER: Right. So we will get the motion and we will get it to Mr. Fields as quickly as possible and it may well be he will have a response.

THE COURT: Well, if it is filed today, provided to the County Attorney's office today, I will want a

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response by Tuesday and I think that --

MR. SEARS: We will do that.

THE COURT: -- Tuesday at five for Mr. Fields to respond if he chooses to or if the prosecution portion of the office chooses to.

MR. SEARS: May I excuse myself for a moment and have that motion brought down?

THE COURT: You may.

MR. SEARS: Thank you.

THE COURT: Phil, could I -- are you going to burn a copy.

THE BAILIFF: For the jail.

(Discussion held off the record.)

THE COURT: While we're waiting for Mr. Sears to return, were there other items that you think we need to take up, Mr. Butner, apart from the urgencies of getting the preliminary jury instructions?

MR. BUTNER: I don't think so at this time,

Judge, at least from the point of view from the State. We
do have that 15.6 affidavit and request concerning the
escape bag evidence, so to speak. That's the State's
motion.

THE COURT: And that's what I was alluding to when I was talking about some other reported evidence with regard to flight allegations.

MR. BUTNER: Right. We're prepared to discuss **1**3:51:21 1 13:51:24 2 that if need be.

There are two pieces of that motion MS. CHAPMAN: and there is one piece of that motion that I think

We would be prepared to address the computer search issues that have been alluded to several times, if you're prepared to discuss that.

Not

precluded the State from offering evidence of computer searches for which they could not identify the date those searches were performed that arose out of the initial

I had the opportunity to reinterview Detective Page on May 25th, and at that time he has identified before. Again, he is not able at this time or at any time, as far as we could tell, to identify when these searches were performed.

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These two searches that we had talked about last time, they relate to suicide, and the State apparently wants to offer them based on a date that Mr. Page now says he could determine they were last viewed.

So he can't say that any search for these terms was done on a particular date. He can't say how these pages appeared. He can't say, for one of them, what the search page results looked like. For the search page results that he did find, they relate to things like a suicide bombing in Tel Aviv and the Tamil Tigers.

Your Honor, he can't say how long anyone looked at this page or again why this page was brought to the computer. He can't say that a search was done. He can't say that this was the first time it was looked at or the last time it was looked at. Only that it was viewed on this particular date, and I think that within --

THE COURT: What's the date that he suggests?

MS. CHAPMAN: That is June 1st, your Honor.

THE COURT: '08 I presume?

MS. CHAPMAN: Yes. '08.

So, I think your earlier order covers this, because it's not a date that the search was performed, but I wanted to speak directly to that.

And then there is another partial webpage,

and I want to speak to that, but maybe we should take the things of these one at a time.

THE COURT: Mr. Butner, are you prepared on this?

MR. BUTNER: I am, Judge.

The searches are How to Kill and Make It

Look Like Suicide and How to Stage a Suicide, and

Detective Page -- the search terms are contained within

the entries that are found in the index dot bat file of

the computer, but the partial date of the search cannot be

determined from that information.

What can be determined from that information is the date that that was last viewed, and that date was June 1st of 2008.

In terms -- it could be the same day that the search was accomplished, but that is not information that is in the encoded kind of data that is kept within the computer in this index dot bat file.

And so in terms of being definite about a specific date concerning those searches, Detective Page cannot be the computer expert, because the DPS crime lab, the one that was interviewed in connection with this specific matter, says exactly the same thing, basically. That information tells you the date that that search term and information was last viewed. It does not tell you the date that the search occurred, and that last viewing date

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in each of those instances is June 1st of 2008.

And I would ask that the Court allow Detective Page to testify to that very narrow specific piece of information about those two narrow specific searches.

THE COURT: You would agree under the current order that that would be disallowed because you can't identify that was the search date.

> MR. BUTNER: Exactly.

THE COURT: Based on how the order was phrased.

MR. BUTNER: Exactly, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Chapman.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, the other issue of concern for us is that Detective Page has said multiple things about what these dates mean and don't mean, and I don't think there can be any dispute about that -- about his position about what they mean and don't mean and, frankly, it's unclear to me whether he really knows what these dates mean.

It's clear what he doesn't know about them, and given what he doesn't know about them and given the way that the search terms are phrased and what results they reveal, I think their probative value is extremely limited and the prejudicial potential is incredibly high.

We don't know again whether a search was

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performed on this day or any day. We don't know how long this page was viewed. We don't know why this page came on the computer. We do know that the search results have absolutely nothing to do with the way in which Carol Kennedy was killed. Again, they have to do with political suicide bombings in other countries.

So the prejudicial effect of offering these evidence items --

THE COURT: That's in terms of what was found in response to the search query?

MS. CHAPMAN: Well, we don't know -- we don't know, frankly, that a search query was done or when it was done. This is what was pulled up. The top of the page doesn't say what it's a result of. It just contains the phrase Suicide Bombing.

MR. BUTNER: No.

MS. CHAPMAN: So I think -- I can't remember. Let me look here to be certain about what it says.

THE COURT: Let's give you a little more certainty, factually.

MR. BUTNER: I will wait.

MS. CHAPMAN: How to Stage a Suicide By Hanging, and so the phrase that is pulled up is How to Stage a Suicide, but the page itself has two entries. One about the Tamil Tigers staging a suicide in Sri Lanka, and the

other one is about a suicide bombing in Tel Aviv, and then the third one is How to Stage a Suicide By Hanging.

So these are the results that appear. We don't know -- there's no search phrase at the top of this

search phrase was or when it was performed.

We do know it has nothing to do with the facts that are alleged here and so for that reason, the probative value of the fact that we don't know when these searches occurred, and we certainly know what the results are and that they don't relate and what the prejudicial effect is, given your prior ruling, I think these searches should be precluded.

So we don't have any idea what the

THE COURT: Other clarifications, Mr. Butner.
MR. BUTNER: Right, Judge.

The search phrase is in the research that was discovered by Detective Page. The search phrase is, in one instance, How to Kill And Make It Look Like Suicide and then the other instance is How to Stage a Suicide. Those are the search phrases, and then this computer language stuff down below that, which is extracted from this index dot bat file is what provides the date last viewed of those specific bits of information, so to speak.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Back to you, Ms. Chapman.

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partial webpage.

SANDRA K MARKHAM, CR, RPR OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

Your Honor, I can provide the 13:58:17 1 MS. CHAPMAN: 3:58:18 2 partial webpage results if your Honor would like, but 13:58:21 it's -- the question about what the date is and what it 13:58:24 means, it is true, it comes from the index dot bat file. 5 Detective Page has said multiple things about what he can 13:58:27 and cannot tell from those index dot bat files, but the 6 13:58:29 bottom line is he can't tell when the search was done. 13:58:32 7

Websites -- or excuse me -- at the search result page. He can't tell whether anyone clicked on any of the links that came from the search result page, and he only has one partial search result page from these two searches.

The partial search result phrase How to Stage a Suicide is in the one document that they have that's a partial page of results that has the items that I mentioned to you earlier about the Tel Aviv bombing and the Sri Lanka bombing, but that's it. That is what they have. That's what the evidence will be if you permit them to offer it.

Again, the probative value of a search that calls up the results about suicide bombings in other countries, that has nothing to do with the way Carol Kennedy was killed, and we don't know when that search was performed, I think the probative value is incredibly limited.

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But this is -- this is a different 1 THE COURT: 13:59:24 13:59:28 2 date and different evidence and there is other evidence that indicates that -- I'm hesitant to use the word 13:59:31 3 13:59:36 4 similar, but searches of a similar nature were conducted? 5 MS. CHAPMAN: No, your Honor. 13:59:42

Detective Page has no information about when any of these searches were conducted. That's his conclusion. That's the conclusion of his sort of supervisor Detective Lindvay.

There are no available information about the dates when any of these searches were performed after two years of full-time investigation about these computer searches and I don't think that at this point Mr. Butner can be made to dispute that. He was at these interviews and there is not information about when these searches were performed.

THE COURT: Okay. So I have these on June 1st last viewed. Is there something else that --

MR. BUTNER: It sounds like we're splitting hairs here, but it's use of language, Judge, and -- I mean there is information about one of these searches, that it was done after April of 2008 because in the remnant of a webpage is the date of April of 2008, but that isn't the -- one of the two searches that we are talking about now. Okay.

Clearly, though, the search was done either 1 14:00:41 14:00:45 2 on or before June 1st of 2008, and it was last viewed on That's what's clear and the search term 14:00:51 June 1st of 2008. 14:00:56 that gave rise to this last viewing was in one instance How to Stage a Suicide and then in the other instance How 14:01:00 to Kill and Make It Look Like Suicide. 6 14:01:04 There's a remnant of a webpage that counsel 14:01:06 7 8 14:01:09

is talking about, and it has those hashed sites that came up, but that's a partial webpage. I mean we don't know exactly everything, of course, that --

Talking about Tel Aviv, for example? THE COURT: Right. Yes. And the hanging thing MR. BUTNER: and I forget the other thing.

But the point is that the search term has remained consistent and it's remained consistent throughout all of Detective Page's interviews, and he has remained consistent about those last viewing dates, too. But he also thought that it was the date of the search, and that is not something that he can say with certainty. It could have been, but he cannot say that with certainty.

The only thing he can say with certainty is that each of these two search terms, when they are checked, they were last viewed on June 1st of 2008. even has the precise times that are extracted from this index dot bat file.

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In terms of other evidence that the 14:02:07 1 THE COURT: 14:02:09 2 State is seeking to admit concerning computer searches, 14:02:15 3 are there other examples of such? MR. BUTNER: Oh, yeah. 14:02:19 4 5 THE COURT? -- that you think --14:02:21 Judge, you have already, as I 6 MR. BUTNER: 14:02:22 7 14:02:24 14:02:28

understand it, precluded those things because we were not able to offer dates for those searches. Things like How to Kill -- How to Collect on Life Insurance in the Case of Homicide and Tips From a Hit Man on How to Kill Someone. Those are all searches that were conducted at some point in time, but there are not dates that can be associated with those searches that can be extracted from the defendant's computer.

THE COURT: So you're seeking modification of my current order that would allow the June 1st, but not others searches?

MR. BUTNER: That's correct.

Just these two narrow searches How to Kill and Make It Look Like Suicide and How to Stage a Suicide, and we are asking for one other thing and that would be a webpage remnant that refers to the search phrase How to Stage a Suicide and that has a specific date, also, of June 1st of 2008.

THE COURT: And no other computer information

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then would be provided in the nature of prior searches for these terms?

MR. BUTNER: Exactly.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, if I might.

THE COURT: Ms. Chapman.

MS. CHAPMAN: Just to complete the -- well, two things. On this partial remnant of a webpage How to Stage a Suicide, there is a date on the page. It's February 5th -- or excuse me -- 25th, 2005. That is the only date on this page. So all the State can say about this search results page is that sometime between February 25th, 2005 and June 1st of 2008, this search was performed.

THE COURT: When you say this search, which one are you referring to?

MS. CHAPMAN: How to stage a suicide.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. CHAPMAN: I think that your prior order was consistent in balancing the 403 factors in terms of what's the probative value of a search that we can't tell when it was performed.

The fact that a page was viewed on a particular date does not mean that a search was performed on that date. The State can't tell why the page was viewed or how it was viewed. They can't say that a search was performed on that date. All they can say is that that

14:04:33 1 4:04:35 2 page was viewed on that computer on that date.

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particularly when the State has said -- where the State's expert has said multiple things about what that date

And the probative value of that information,

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means, about what the date last viewed means, he cannot

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describe what that means consistently between interviews

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And I think that the prejudicial value of --14:04:52 8 particularly when you look at what are these search

or in any of his reports.

10 results, what do those search results reveal, when we look 14:04:59

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at if the search was performed, what does the partial

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webpage with these results talk about? And the fact that

14:05:08 13 it talks about political events in other countries makes

14:05:11 14 the probative value of this extremely limited while the

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prejudicial effect of it, because of what the State wants

So we ask you to reaffirm your ruling with

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to argue, is incredibly high to Mr. Democker.

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respect to those searches.

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I do -- the partial webpage that Mr. Butner is talking about is different and it is a webpage that is a photograph of a diagram that apparently comes out of a book.

I think that Mr. Butner misspoke when he talked about the fact that this is related to a search term, because both Detective Page and Detective Lindvay

said this could not be related to any search. They don't 1 4:05:53 2 know that it was related to any search at all. All they can say is it was viewed on a particular date. The most important thing about this, your 4

Honor -- again, it doesn't relate in any way to the way It has a victim who was the subject of a gunshot wound and it is a picture of that. It's got -- you know, it's a computer generated picture, but it's got a picture of blood in the room and it's only

page. Apparently what they can say is that there was more information on this page that was viewed, but they don't

that, given the fact that it has this victim who is killed in some totally other way, given the fact that we have no idea, and the State I think won't dispute this. They have They can't relate it to any search, and they do know that there was other information on this page that they can never recover and that we don't know what else was on this page at the

searches based on your earlier order and based on this 403

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balancing and to preclude this page -- this partial webpage diagram that came up again on a 403 balancing and based on the fact that it is incomplete, and we don't know what else was on this page at the time it was viewed or how and why it was viewed on this last visit date.

MR. BUTNER: Judge --

THE COURT: This purports to be like a shooting scene diagram?

MS. CHAPMAN: Yeah. It's a figure. It says
Staged Crime Scene and it has a person with a rifle
between their legs and blood in the room laying down and
it's a diagram out of a book. It's called -- the title of
the page -- and, again, we only have part of the page, so
I don't know what else was here. No one does. Apparently
it says -- it says Equivocal Death Investigation. So
that's another piece and it's a photograph from a medical
legal art --

MR. BUTNER: If we could approach, Judge, so we can show you this and the title I think is right on the page.

MS. CHAPMAN: The equivocal.

MR. BUTNER: Right down at the bottom. Staged crime scene.

MS. CHAPMAN: That is not the title of the page. That's the title of the picture.

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MR. BUTNER: That is what I am talking about, and that was last viewed June 1st, 2008.

THE COURT: For the record, Bates 023486.

MS. CHAPMAN: Again, your Honor, apparently there was other information, potentially pictures, text on that page at the time it was viewed.

THE COURT: Do you want to address that diagram separately, Mr. Butner?

MR. BUTNER: Yes, Judge. I think that it's important that the State be allowed to offer that in its case and there is evidence in this case that this was a staged crime scene and that is evidence that the defendant was researching how to -- in this instance How to Stage a Suicide and that is what that picture is actually is how to stage a suicide.

THE COURT: What are the limits of what the experts can testify about when that was viewed?

MR. BUTNER: Just the one date. June 1st of 2008. That's basically what they could say. The same as the two searches that I was just describing before.

THE COURT: Ms. Chapman.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, again, what the State can't say is why this page was viewed, how long it was viewed, what else was on the page when it was viewed.

And I think another important

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consideration -- and I think we made your Honor aware of this in the motion last time -- these searches, if they were, in fact, viewed on this date and again there has been equivocal information about that from Detective Page, were surrounded by web activity on a page called Writing World Dot Com about writing mystery novels.

And so, again, I think that with respect to the probative value of this information, when you consider the context, when you consider that we only have a partial result, when you consider that we can't say that this was done as a result of a search, we can't say that a search was done for any particular term on a specific date and that the State is apparently -- and I am not aware of any expert they have about a crime scene staging. In fact, I am aware that all of those experts have been precluded or dismissed by the State and no detectives will be permitted to testify about that given your earlier orders, that there's no reason for this information to come in and that the prejudicial potential for Mr. Democker is high in a way that should lead you under 403 to preclude these two searches and this one partial webpage from being introduced by the State.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Well, I think that the fact of what is found is not in and of itself probative. What is -- what the

evidence is being asked to be admitted for is to show the
mental state of the person whose computer it is, alleging
that it's Mr. Democker that is doing the searches.

So the fact that a search is being done to reflect a person's mental state of doing some investigation into, either from the defendant's perspective, research for a mystery novel or from the State's perspective, of planning a killing of his wife doesn't -- doesn't carry its meaning in what is found so much as it does when it is being searched for and to that extent, as I think my previous rulings indicate, I find that the evidence is probative.

The question of whether it's unfairly prejudicial, given all of the rest of the circumstances and the level of foundation that's necessary, those are additional questions presented to the Court and I think that -- as long as a time parameter can be placed on it with regard to when it was last viewed, I think that is sufficient as long as it's within a reasonably relevant time period.

I think to the extent that the detective, or detectives plural, may testify as to the contents of what they found in the vicinity of June 1st having been viewed, items having been viewed, with particular terms that are indicative of killing and staging, I think that the timing

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within a couple of months of the homicide of viewing the 1 14:12:47 4:12:53 materials is sufficiently definite to establish a 2 14:12:56 3 foundation for generally entering the matter into 14:13:01 evidence. And then the weight to be given by the jury with the various explanations that have been prominent 14:13:08 5 throughout the course of the presentation being made 6 14:13:11 today, that there is evidence that Mr. Democker even much 7 14:13:14 before 2008 was doing research for writing a great 14:13:20 American novel, in particular a mystery and having to do 14:13:26 with death or somebody dying. 10 14:13:33 So I think that the weight then goes to the 14:13:40 11

So I think that the weight then goes to the jury, but I think in terms of general gate keeping requirements on the part of a trial judge, I think there's sufficient probative value so long as there can be this foundation laid as to viewing date, not just the search date, and so I'll amend my previous orders so long as there is a viewing date or search date that's within the two months prior to the death of Ms. Kennedy. And I don't find that the danger of unfair prejudice is substantially greater than its probative value.

Nonetheless, I see some real issues for the fact finder about the weight to be given to this type of evidence, but I don't feel as though it's incumbent on the Court to preclude it.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, I understand that is

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1 the ruling with respect to the searches.

What about with respect to this page for which we only have a part of the picture and we don't know how we got there? This being Bates Number 23486.

THE COURT: If the witnesses can establish that was viewed on or about the first as the other ones have been, as counsel have alluded to, as having been viewed on that date, I think it comes in. If they can't establish even that much of it, that it was viewed on that date or when it was searched for, then I don't think it does come in.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, I think the issue with respect to this isn't so much that it was viewed, but we don't know what was viewed because it's not all here.

This wasn't a search. It's a page.

THE COURT: It's the result of something that was viewed.

MS. CHAPMAN: Yeah. They don't connect it to a search result, but the concern here is that there is more -- I mean there was more on this page. We don't know what it was, and there is no way to determine that, but -- so we don't know what was viewed. We don't know, if anything was searched, what that was. All we know is that this page was viewed with some other stuff on it and we don't have any way to determine what that other stuff is.

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So given that it is not search, we don't know what was searched or how it was viewed, and that it's only part of the picture, meaning whatever this is, it's not the whole thing that was viewed on that date. I think that makes it different than the searches where we know that the search phrase was entered and that was viewed. We only know that this, along with other information, was viewed, but we don't know what that other information is. We have no way to determine that according to the State's Well, I still think it comes in with that explanation or that attack as the case may be. Any other issues with regard to that? Nothing further from the State on THE COURT: You had some other issues that you wanted to take up other than preliminary jury There is that 15.6 motion that the

MR. BUTNER: Right. Yes, we could take that up,

MR. BUTNER: Judge, it's basically our motion requesting leave under Rule 15.6(d) to use primarily

the -- what we have referred to, I guess, as the getaway 1 2 bag that was discovered down by the creek at the Hassayampa Golf Club. This came out -- I'm just looking, 3 and I can't remember the date of that interview. very late on -- okay. We did the interview just before --5 well, I think we did the interview on April the 9th of 6 2010, and then went out -- on Renee Girard and then went 7 out to the scene where this bag was located. And in the bag, which had the defendant's 9

And in the bag, which had the defendant's name on the outside as well as his phone number. It's actually wrapped in black plastic, and then it was a wet dry bag that's the kind of bag you use for floating down a river or something like that and putting your things in.

On the outside of that bag was the defendant's name and his telephone number and inside that was a bunch of black clothing and a cell phone and couple of black hats and some running type slash hiking shoes.

We could not have discovered that any sooner, Judge, and we disclosed it as quickly as possible after it was discovered, and it certainly is probative evidence in this case of the defendant's plans to flee.

It was discovered in connection with the previous statements by Ms. Renee Girard that she went out to that bag with the defendant and he put that bag out there shortly after the homicide involving Carol Kennedy.

Secreted the bag out there and then re-visited it a month of the secreted is a month of the secreted in the se

THE COURT: Can she, Ms. Girard, if she is testifying, tighten the dates down any more than shortly after? Whatever that means?

MR. BUTNER: She can testify that they went out there and put that bag there, my recollection is, and I don't have it in front of me, was about -- within two weeks after the homicide and then re-visited that bag about a month-and-a-half or so later. And then she went back trying to look for it while the defendant was incarcerated and was unable to find the bag. Right. In June and July -- all of these events occurring in June and July of 2008 and then, of course, we went back much later and found the bag. So that is when that occurred.

In terms of the High Desert Golf receipts, those just didn't get disclosed, Judge. The witness was identified and basically they are, in a sense, negative evidence. And by that, I mean they are evidence of receipts for golf clubs that were purchased, and demonstrate that Mr. Democker and Mr. Knapp didn't purchase a golf club from High Desert Golf Receipts and didn't exchange one with High Desert Golf Receipts. The golf club being the Big Bertha three seven wood type of club.

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The State ultimately did purchase one from High Desert Golf, though, a left-handed one.

So that's the nature of this request, your Honor, and I would hope that the Court would grant the motion.

THE COURT: Mr. Sears.

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, in general terms, we have no objection to this late disclosure.

Taking up the question of this bag, there is a -- an explanation that goes along with that that will come out and we think that it's simply just part of this period in mid-August of 2008 that you have heard about where Mr. Democker was fearful that he was going to be wrongfully arrested. He just had the date wrong by a couple of months, and that this was just part of that and there's an explanation for where it was and what was involved in it.

We think we have seen some testing and we know that they sent the lab the bag, I believe to Sorenson, for testing and we are not putting our hands on the results, but our recollection is that it shows predictably Mr. Democker's biological evidence is on his own property. So that is not surprising.

The golf club thing has sort of an interesting background. What happened -- it occurred to

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us some time ago that it was passingly strange that the 14:22:29 1 4:22:33 2 Yavapai County Sheriff's office could go to a golf shop in 14:22:36 3 town just a few days after the murder, walk in and say you 14:22:40 wouldn't have such a thing as a left-handed Callaway Big Bertha steelhead three number seven fairway wood, would 14:22:44 5 you, and go over to the used club bin and say like this 14:22:46 And so that's the one the Sheriff's office has. 14:22:49 7 They actually found the club that they claim -- that they 14:22:53 have always claimed is the murder weapon. They found a 9 14:22:57 club identical to it with all those unusual 10 14:22:59 11 characteristics in a used club bin in Prescott, Arizona. 14:23:01 And so we undertook an investigation through 12 14:23:06 13

the manufacturer, through High Desert Golf Shop, through the place where Mr. Democker purchased the original club, and concluded after running this to the ground, that it was just an amazing coincidence. That those clubs had serial numbers and their birth date and place of origin could be identified and, in fact, that club was not the club that Mr. Democker bought. So that wasn't an identifier.

I think the State, and the police, probably assumed that we were looking at this for something else. That we were trying to say that Mr. Knapp had handled the club or returned the club or something else.

That is all we were doing. If they had

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asked us, we would have told them that. That we were just 1 4:23:48 2 trying to see if we could answer what appeared to be just an astonishing coincidence, and there are only a few thousand of these clubs who were ever produced and are in circulation and here's one and it's the first place that 5 the first officer went to, and they say, yeah, we have one right over there. So that is what that is about. 7 So -- so we think this late disclosed that the State wants to use it, that's fine. It's just 10

receipt is interesting, but has no value and to the extent nothing that is of any interest to us.

> THE COURT: I'll grant the request then.

Thank you, Judge. MR. BUTNER:

THE COURT: And authorize the State to use this late disclosed evidence.

MR. SEARS: I'm sorry, your Honor.

THE COURT: I will grant the request if there is no opposition.

> There is not, your Honor. MR. SEARS:

Your Honor, I have the visitation motion, and I will you give a copy. This is the one you wanted the response.

> The original is being filed? THE COURT:

Is about to be filed, your Honor. MR. SEARS:

That is a job left to me for some reason.

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THE COURT: All right.

MR. SEARS: The pressure is on.

THE COURT: All right. Now, anything else that is still pending that you think we need to have rulings on before the potential of opening statements? I think otherwise the urgency is to get the preliminary instructions to some extent settled.

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, we heard you say this morning that you would welcome information from us and the State about how to handle the admonishing of the voir dire of the jurors on this publicity issue and we will turn to that over the weekend with --

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. SEARS: -- all the other things we have to do. That is something we want to be involved in.

THE COURT: I understand and I would appreciate that and the thoughts that either side may have, whether you put it in the formality of a motion or otherwise. I am willing to consider whatever you may have to offer in terms of thoughts about how to proceed.

MR. SEARS: There is one other minor matter.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, in view of the transformation of this case to a noncapital case, you had previously entered some very detailed orders about the

rule excluding witnesses and principally as it affects our client's family and others, the rule --

THE COURT: Which was notable in your proposed preliminary jury instructions, I guess.

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, our understanding would be now that there will not be a second or third trial, that there would be no exclusion of witnesses who were previously only identified as mitigation witnesses by the defense and to the extent they would be trial witnesses in the ordinary course, if they were through testifying and released, they could remain in the courtroom.

As it turns out, at present none of our mitigation witnesses that would be affected by this that would be interested in being present for the trial are also trial witnesses, so I just -- so that -- many of them are here now. We just thought we could clarify that for them.

THE COURT: Any issue with regards to that if we are not doing a death penalty, mitigation slash penalty phase?

MR. BUTNER: Right. I don't think -- I think that's a nonissue now, so to speak. I think that is the way Mr. Sears described it. If they are not trial witnesses, they are not excluded.

THE COURT: And if they are in the courtroom,

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then they won't be allowed to be trial witnesses is the general understanding that you all would have, then.

MR. SEARS: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Then I would clarify for the record that anyone who was disclosed solely for purposes of mitigation or the penalty phase or solely for the aggravating phase, anything other than the guilt or innocence phase, those witnesses are not covered by the rule excluding witnesses. They may be in the courtroom.

MR. SEARS: Thank you, then.

MR. BUTNER: While we're discussing the rule excluding witnesses, we had discussed the possibility of some deviations from the rule excluding witnesses for expert witnesses or some of them.

I don't think -- we don't want to do that,

Judge. We think it would be best that all witnesses be
excluded during the course of this trial, whether they are
experts or lay witnesses or whatever kind of witnesses you
would characterize them. We think it would appropriate
that they be excluded.

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, you had entered a very specific order on this matter and I remember that it was ordered that DNA experts for either side could be present for the testimony of their counterparts on the other side. I do not recall, but we will look to see whether that was

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extended to experts -- financial experts or computer experts. My recollection is that it might have been for computer experts, but I would trust the written minute entries of the Court on this, but I do remember clearly that you had carved out an exception for DNA experts.

MR. BUTNER: I stand corrected, Judge. That's right. With the exception of DNA experts, we were still talking about computer experts and whether that was going to be considered.

The State is opposed to that, but, in terms of DNA experts, I forgot and we did agree to that and I have no objection to that.

THE COURT: What's your posture? Do you care if the current order is left in place, Mr. Sears, that allows the DNA experts to be in during each other's testimony, but not the other experts?

MR. SEARS: Yeah. We had proposed that, so we stand by that. But I want to take a look at the minute entry on that point to see if it's broader than that, and if it's broader than that, I would ask the Court to continue in effect the broader order.

THE COURT: I'll cast my lot with the orders that were previously entered. If you want to change those orders, I will consider it.

MR. SEARS: Your Honor, your position is that it

would make good sense, and there is really no

countervailing solid argument that I can think of, to have

all experts present during this and making exceptions for

one discipline or another is simply making an exception

for the one discipline. I don't see the harm that

mr. Butner sees it having experts present in court to do

that.

I remember in pretrial hearings learning only after the fact that our friend, Mr. Echols, was in court. There wasn't any rule excluding witnesses, but surely Mr. Echols gained something -- I would think the State would think he gained something by watching Mr. Curry testify and if this is the search for truth that Mr. Butner points us to, there are lots of ways to get to the truth. One of them is having people be fully informed.

THE COURT: Well -- and that's part of why the rule is in place though is to get the witness' own testimony. I will leave intact my current order.

MR. BUTNER: Thank you.

MR. SEARS: Whatever it may be.

THE COURT: My recollection of it is the same as what you all believe. That there was an exception for the DNA witnesses, but not for the other experts.

The other experts were covered by it. If

that's not the case, I'll have you look it up and let me 1 14:31:31 14:31:35 2 know. But otherwise I will assume that you will keep your 14:31:40 experts out of the courtroom unless they are testifying until after they have testified and are excused. 14:31:42 5 Okay. Any other motions that you think are 14:31:46 6 still sitting on the table? 14:31:55 7 Your Honor, I think we have run down 14:31:58 MR. SEARS: 8 the list now. 14:32:00 The one remaining motion, Judge, MR. BUTNER: 14:32:03 9 that I think you noted that, we are going to, I guess, do 10 14:32:05 that what we come back sometime on Wednesday is the e-mail 14:32:08 11 12 motion. 14:32:11 14:32:11 13 THE COURT: Right. I4:32:12 MR. BUTNER: Okay. 14 THE COURT: Gave the other side a chance to 15 14:32:14 16 respond. 14:32:19 17 MR. BUTNER: Certainly. 14:32:19 THE COURT: All right. Preliminary jury 14:32:20 18

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instructions.

Generally the defense provided some preliminary jury instructions that Robin typed up and the Court provided, I believe, at least an electronic transmission of what Robin put together from the Court's normal instructions with some substitutions that were proposed by the defense. Just because they were sent out

doesn't mean I am wedded to those and I want to make sure
everybody knows that, but I sent them out because it's
easier to delete things than to put things in, and I have
reviewed those.

A number of the proposed preliminary instructions that the defense provided are amended and not the traditional RAJI type instructions, and I think that those are reflected in the -- what Robin typed up as -- she put parenthetically amended just to make that a little clearer, but there are things like a preparatory introductory sort of phrase or a few sentences, a paragraph that the defense had in their proposal, and I guess I put together something more along the lines of what the Court traditionally has been giving in terms of preliminary jury instructions and I will provide a copy to each side of that for comparison purposes.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, this is different from what was electronically provided?

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. Just so the record is clear, your Honor, the defense proposed -- all of the defense's proposed instructions were amendments to the RAJI instructions. There were no non-RAJI instructions except for the burden of proof which was a merger of sorts of the Ninth Circuit's proposed instruction on that issue as well

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as the RAJI on that issue, on the presumption of innocence and burden of proof. There were no non-RAJI proposed instructions.

THE COURT: Yeah. That was my understanding.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay.

THE COURT: Some of the language was drafted from federal system cases.

But for discussion purposes so that there's kind of a combination of the, you know, strict RAJIs that the Court has used and to compare with a draft, I put those together for you as well.

Mr. Butner, Mr. Papore filed something specific with regards to the issue of some of the -- well, particularly the proof beyond a reasonable doubt instruction.

Also attached, the State had proposed in the preliminary jury instructions filed May 4th the standard -- a number of standard RAJIs and capital case instructions. Obviously to the extent any of the preliminary jury instructions are talking about penalty aspects of things, those will have to be changed.

But how would you like to approach this with the standards side-by-side with what the defense proposed?

Is that -- the unamended version compared to the other or do you want to tell me why I ought to give an amended

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version, for example, instead of a regular Portillo instruction on the proof requirements?

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, I can walk through what the amendments were to the standard instruction if that would be helpful.

THE COURT: I think that probably would be for the other side as well as for the Court.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. As an initial matter, none of the preliminary instructions deal at all with the capital nature of the case or not, so I don't think any amendments --

Nor did I see any other than having THE COURT: now the is jury not to consider penalty.

> Sure. MS. CHAPMAN: Right.

And I think you also included -- just so the record is clear, your Honor had asked that preliminary jury instructions be proposed by the parties on April 29th.

> THE COURT: I did. I recognize that.

We did and the State did not. MS. CHAPMAN:

We also on May 11th then filed a motion or brief for your Honor about the reason and the why for the combination of the RAJI and the Ninth Circuit jury instruction on the burden of proof and the presumption of innocence.

Today for the first time the State speaks to 14:38:01 1 14:38:04 2 the preliminary jury instruction issues and specifically 14:38:09 objects to that, and we will get to that when we get there, but I think the record should be clear about that. 14:38:11 5 14:38:13 The State's proposals were not any preliminary jury 6 instructions. They were post-trial or post-evidence 14:38:16 instructions to be given at the close of evidence, not 14:38:19 7 preliminary instructions. They didn't do that. 14:38:22 So I would like to start with that. 14:38:24 9 THE COURT: I recognize that's the state of 14:38:27 10 14:38:29 11 affairs. 12 MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. So the first -- we propose 14:38:30 these in an order that's slightly different from the way 14:38:33 13 that you or Robin had sent them to us, but I guess I will 14:38:36 14 just go through them in the order --15 14:38:39 16 THE COURT: Okay. 14:38:41 The first would be the preliminary 14:38:41 17 MS. CHAPMAN: RAJI Number 8 which is the exclusion of witnesses. We had 14:38:43 18 19 amended it to include the language --14:38:46 20 Before you get to that point. THE COURT: 14:38:50 21 MS. CHAPMAN: Sure. 14:38:52 THE COURT: You have the kind of introductory 14:38:53 22 14:39:00 23 first. Jury service --MS. CHAPMAN: That's from the preliminary RAJI 24 14:39:03

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one.

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THE COURT: Do you really think that's necessary for -- and if so, tell me why given how much time we have already spent with the jury selection, if we -- if I rule in favor and maintain that ruling of keeping the current jury panel.

MS. CHAPMAN: Well, your Honor, I think acknowledging the solemnity of the experience of jury and our appreciation for what they are doing and the amount of time it takes and the historical context, there is nothing certainly improper about it. It won't take much time. think it's two sentences and -- it is three sentences. is from the preliminary RAJIs that are proposed. first one and I think it's an acknowledgement of the context of jury service. It's an appreciation of sorts.

> THE COURT: I suppose.

> > Your position on that, Mr. Butner?

MR. BUTNER: Well, Judge, we are still trying to find the preliminary jury instructions.

> THE COURT: Do you need --

MR. BUTNER: We have yours.

MS. CHAPMAN: These -- the ones that the judge provided I think are largely the RAJIs.

Pretty much the same, I understand, MR. BUTNER: but they are not exactly and we're trying to find it in the computer and we are not able to do that.

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THE COURT: Do you have someone that just wants to burn a copy?

MR. BUTNER: That would be great.

THE COURT: I lost Phil and don't have Robin.

MR. BUTNER: Yes. Thank you.

THE COURT: I think those are all of them.

While we're doing that, I am advised by my high level counselors that this might be a good time to take a break.

MR. BUTNER: Thank you, Judge.

THE COURT: Take until five to 3:00.

(Recess.)

THE COURT: Record reflects the defendant is present, all three of his counsel, both counsel for the State.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, if I might, you had provided us electronically with a version that is different both in form and format from we have been provided today. In just going through what we have been provided today, there are some things that aren't from the RAJIs and I don't think are consistent with what we would be comfortable with, but we haven't had an opportunity to review this carefully what you provided us today.

So what I would suggest is that we take this up on Wednesday after we have all had a chance to look at

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it if what you handed us this morning is what we should consider. I just haven't had time to look through it.

THE COURT: No. I am happy to go through yours and then compare, you know, or just tell me where the differences are, and I will think about this and then work on them over the weekend.

> We have the --MS. CHAPMAN: Sure.

THE COURT: I am not going to finalize them today by any means.

I quess we have three documents we MS. CHAPMAN: are looking from, so I am a little confused about --

THE COURT: Well, don't work from the ones I just gave you then.

> MS. CHAPMAN: Okay.

MR. BUTNER: Oh.

THE COURT: Work from the ones that were previously disclosed. Tell me what the issues are that you -- where you think the changes are necessary or why you're proposing them and I will hear the State's objections with regards -- the biggest one I think they have is Portillo.

> MS. CHAPMAN: Sure.

Well, I guess I will go through them in the order like we were and then -- but with the acknowledgment that we haven't look at what we've been handed today other

1 than -- just because I want to make sure we don't forget 14:56:48 2 this -- the one that you handed us today, there is a 2(D) about the defendant's right to testify or not -- decision not to testify. That's I think inconsistent with the RAJI and something we would be very uncomfortable with 5 6 providing. MR. BUTNER: Where? 7 THE COURT: 2(D). 9 Where are you now? MR. BUTNER: MS. CHAPMAN: I am --10 On the new ones. 11 THE COURT: MR. BUTNER: On the Court's new ones or on --

MS. CHAPMAN: Yes. The Court's new ones from

today. 2(D).

> MR. BUTNER: 2(B).

MS. CHAPMAN: D as in dog.

MR. BUTNER: I'm sorry. Thank you.

THE COURT: That's not the RAJI?

It is not, your Honor. MS. CHAPMAN:

Let me read you RAJI -- the preliminary RAJI is 17 and it says a defendant in a criminal case has the constitutional right not to testify at trial and the exercise of that right cannot be considered by the jury in determining whether a defendant is guilty or not guilty.

That's the preliminary RAJI 17 Third

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That is as we offered it and as you provided it 1 Edition. 14:57:55 14:57:58 2 in the instructions that were e-mailed. 14:58:03 3 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 14:58:04 MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. So going back to the instructions that were e-mailed, the exclusion of 5 14:58:09 witnesses, which is the preliminary RAJI Number 8, we had 6 14:58:12 proposed amending it, because some of the witnesses in 14:58:17 7 this case are also victims and I think that although the 14:58:22 language was amended to include the fact that victims 9 14:58:29 10 would not be precluded and also Mr. Democker's parents, I 14:58:32 think in light of the State's decision to dismiss the 11 14:58:36

And I think that if we just remove the term "or to Mr. Democker's parents", the proposed instruction that the defense provided on April 29thth and this the Court included in the e-mailed preliminary jury instructions would be appropriate.

Mr. Democker's parents, but should still explain that the

death penalty, we could take out the reference to

exclusion of witnesses does not apply to victims.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. BUTNER: So if I understand you correctly, you're just going to strike where it says "or to Mr. Democker's parents"?

MS. CHAPMAN: I think that would be our proposal. THE COURT: Any objection to that?

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it?

MR. BUTNER: And this is the standard RAJI, isn't

MS. CHAPMAN: Yes. It is Standard Preliminary RAJI 8 with the addition of the sentence -- well, we changed "all" to "most" to say that it applies to most witnesses. And then we add a sentence that the Court has determined that some witnesses are not subject to this rule and you should not concern yourself with who is and is not included. This rule does not apply to the certain designated family members of the victims in this case all of whom are permitted to be present for any and all proceedings even though they may be called as witnesses.

That's the addition or the amendment.

THE COURT: All right. I don't have a particular issue with regard to that.

MR. BUTNER: I don't either. That's fine.

MS. CHAPMAN: Then proposed RAJI Number 9 is with respect to bench conferences and recesses and we had just added the sentence because of the nature of this courtroom and what we have experienced during some of the preliminary voir dire is that to add the sentence that if you overhear what is taking place at the bench conference, to please advise the Court immediately.

MR. BUTNER: Where is that?

THE COURT: Second to last sentence on page 4(J).

1 MR. SEARS: By singing in unison we can hear you. **15:00:37** 15:00:42 That would be the way to do it. 2 15:00:45 3 MR. BUTNER: Did you have a little --15:00:46 THE COURT: I may have --15:00:47 MR. BUTNER: -- nip at the break. THE COURT: If you don't object, I may have court 6 15:00:49 7 or court staff. 15:00:53 MS. CHAPMAN: Sure. Thank you. 15:00:54 Okay. No objection to that. MR. BUTNER: Ι 15:00:56 object to the singing though. 15:01:00 10 I do, too, for the record. 11 MS. CHAPMAN: 15:01:02 12 THE COURT: For the record, there is a 15:01:04 **5:**01:06 13 concurrence on that. MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. And no transcript at all and 15:01:07 14 jury taking notes, which is the preliminary RAJI 12, we 15 15:01:10 simply amended the language --16 15:01:13 MR. BUTNER: Would you go slower for us slow guys 17 15:01:18 18 over here. 15:01:22 19 MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. 15:01:22 MR. PAPORE: Page and paragraph would be helpful. 20 15:01:25 21 MS. CHAPMAN: Well, it would. 15:01:27 Okay. Here it is. Page six of the draft 15:01:50 22 instructions that the Court e-mailed. 23 15:01:55 THE COURT: Top of the page? 24 15:01:57 25 MS. CHAPMAN: Yes. 5:01:58

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THE COURT: Okay.

MS. CHAPMAN: Actually it starts at the bottom of page four.

THE COURT: Right.

MS. CHAPMAN: Excuse me. At the bottom of page

THE COURT: Five. Right.

MS. CHAPMAN: The paragraph that begins you have been provided with notes -- notepads and pens, which is at the top of page six, at the bottom of that paragraph the RAJI says your memory -- says you should not be overly influenced by the notes, and what we have amended it to say is your memory should not be influenced by the notes of other jurors.

MR. BUTNER: I don't think that is a good idea.

THE COURT: Why are you offering that change?

MS. CHAPMAN: Because the RAJI refers to overly influenced, and I think the law is properly that the jurors should rely on their memory and not the notes of anyone, particularly not the notes of other jurors, and so the way that the RAJI writes is that they could be somewhat influenced by the notes of other jurors and I don't think that's in compliance with what the law actually is.

THE COURT: Do you have a case to offer with

1 regard to that? 15:03:05 15:03:06 2 MS. CHAPMAN: That jurors shouldn't be influenced 15:03:08 3 by the notes of other jurors? 15:03:09 THE COURT: Uh-huh. MS. CHAPMAN: I will provide one. I don't have 5 15:03:10 6 it off the top of my head. 15:03:11 7 The admonition --15:03:17 The RAJI says clearly your memory MR. BUTNER: 15:03:20 should not be influenced by the notes of other jurors. 15:03:22 MS. CHAPMAN: It says --10 15:03:25 It doesn't say overly. 15:03:27 11 MR. BUTNER: No. MS. CHAPMAN: That's what I have as the third 12 15:03:30 13 edition. 15:03:32 Well, we might not be on that. 15:03:33 14 MR. BUTNER: That is hers. 15 MR. PAPORE: 15:03:35 The one you gave us that we're 16 MR. BUTNER: 15:03:36 looking at says RAJI third, as amended, quote, your memory 15:03:39 17 15:03:45 should not be influenced by --18 That's as amended by me. What you 19 MS. CHAPMAN: 15:03:48 are looking as amended by me. RAJI third as amended. 20 15:03:50 MR. BUTNER: By Anne Chapman. It doesn't say 21 15:03:54 15:03:57 2.2 that though. MR. SEARS: It says last viewed right on there. 23 15:03:58 THE COURT: It probably does somewhere. 24 15:04:02 MS. CHAPMAN: I can find the RAJIs. I can tell 25 15:04:04

you. So not be overly influenced. The part that is struck out is what the RAJI says.

MR. BUTNER: I see.

MS. CHAPMAN: And the part that is underlined in blue where it says -- I'm sorry -- the part that is underlined. "Your memory should not be" is the amendment that we proposed.

What the RAJI says is whether you take notes or not, you should rely upon your own memory of what was said and not be overly influenced by the notes of other jurors.

The proposed amendment is whether you take notes or not, you should rely on your own memory of what was said. Period. Your memory should not be influenced by the notes of other jurors.

MR. BUTNER: I think the RAJI is the better way to go, Judge.

MS. CHAPMAN: I think the question is whether a juror is to be influenced at all by the notes -- a juror's memory is to be influenced at all by the notes of other jurors, and I don't believe that the law is that it should be. I think it's that it shouldn't be and that is why we propose the amendment. That would be to rely on extraneous information as opposed to their memory of what was presented.

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MR. BUTNER: I don't --

THE COURT: We don't put jurors in an isolation box where the only thing they consider is their own memory.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, I think that's right, but I mean what does it mean to be overly influenced? think it's confusing and I don't think that jurors are to rely on -- they are not even to rely on their own notes, but they are to rely on their own memories over what their notes say, let alone their memory versus what another juror's notes are.

That is why we -- there's -- if we THE COURT: put them each in an isolation booth and they vote on it without ever having any discussion, that isn't what is intended either.

MS. CHAPMAN: I don't think telling them not to rely on other juror's notes is telling them not to discuss the matter or discuss what their memory is, but simply not to look at their notes of what other juror notes are over their own memory and that's --

> THE COURT: No.

MS. CHAPMAN: I think the RAJIs suggests you can be influenced by the notes of other jurors over your own memory and I think --

THE COURT: I am going to nominate you for the

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MS. CHAPMAN: Please no.

THE COURT: My feeling exactly for myself.

MR. BUTNER: Judge, I think what the RAJI means is that -- it clearly states, first of all, you should rely upon your own memory. Okay. And then it says you should not be overly influenced by the notes of other jurors, meaning that if some other juror uses their notes to refresh their recollection as to what was said, you still should not be overly influenced by their notes. You know, just use your own memory.

THE COURT: Or their memory, but it's still something --

MR. BUTNER: They can rely.

THE COURT: -- still something that is subject to discussion.

MR. BUTNER: Exactly.

THE COURT: In an attempt to reach a consensus on what the evidence does or doesn't show.

MS. CHAPMAN: I think the proposed amendment does that. I think it is confusing to say rely on your own memory, but you can be kind of influenced by someone else's notes. That confuses me.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, let me think about that, and if you can find the source of your point, I would be

happy to take a look at any authority either side may have with regard to that.

MR. BUTNER: One thing I could agree to, Judge, I think you could strike that whole sentence about your

memory should not be overly influenced by the notes of other jurors, because I think it can go the other way.

Isn't a good way to go and, you know, if we just eliminated that, then it simply states, which we all, I think, agree is the law that you should rely upon your own

THE COURT: Okay.

memory of what was said.

MS. CHAPMAN: I think that would be okay.

THE COURT: Well, let's finalize that next week after you want to get me anything that you want to, but I am open to striking the whole sentence.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay.

THE COURT: If both sides want to agree to that.

MS. CHAPMAN: Thank you, your Honor.

Now, with respect to the proposed admonition which begins on page ten of the preliminary instructions that your Honor e-mailed, the paragraph that begins on page ten that starts with each of you has gained knowledge and goes to page eleven. We have simply added the part of the preliminary instructions that you gave in the video about prohibition about using e-mail, Facebook, My Space

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and Twitter. That hasn't made its way into the proposed preliminary RAJI Number 13. So we have added that consistent with the Court's ruling or instructions to jurors.

MR. SEARS: Got to add in iPod Touch.

THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Apple.

So Mr. Sears is proposing I add iPod.

MR. SEARS: Ms. Chapman corrects me. I stand corrected on this. I think it stays as is, your Honor, but I am not overly sensitive.

MR. BUTNER: So am I understanding that we are talking about all of the stuff -- about this prohibition about not discussing and so on starting up near the top of page eleven talking about Facebook, My Space, Twitter, etcetera.

MS. CHAPMAN: Yes.

MR. BUTNER: We don't have an objection that be left in and given to the jurors, Judge. I think we need to caution them about that in this case especially.

THE COURT: I have gotten more verbose in my admonition already and given the nature of the age, maybe that's necessary generally.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. With respect to the charged offense, I don't actually think there are any amendments to that. It's just putting the blush on what the charges

are and what the elements are. That's at the bottom of page seven and going through page eight.

Your Honor, that does bring us though at the bottom of page eight, you have included definitions which are not part of the preliminary RAJIs and I think may have been proposed by the State.

Generally --

THE COURT: Actually they are proposed by the Court. I usually will give the mental state definitions for the applicable mental states as part of the preliminaries, but I generally will not give lesser includeds.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. One issue that we have in that regards is on page nine at "D" you have a definition for recklessly, which we think --

THE COURT: Yeah. I had Robin just throw them all in other than negligently, but I am not, as I say, wedded to any of this if you don't see --

MS. CHAPMAN: We would like --

THE COURT: You don't see anything reckless and I don't either --

MS. CHAPMAN: No.

THE COURT: -- in the case. That's what she put in. I told her we can take things out easier than we can put things in.

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We would propose to take out 1 MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. 15:12:22 15:12:24 2 "D" and also "N" which is the definition of adequate 15:12:27 provocation. That also makes sense. 15:12:29 THE COURT: 5 Mr. Butner, any objection to that? 15:12:31 No. No objection, Judge. MR. BUTNER: 15:12:33 THE COURT: Delete those. 7 15:12:35 MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. On the preliminary RAJI 23, 15:12:40 which begins on page 13 of the proposed preliminary 15:12:45 instructions e-mailed by the Court, on page 14 the 10 15:12:48 paragraph that begins with the word next -- everybody with 15:12:59 11 12 me? 15:13:05 15:13:05 13 MR. BUTNER: Not yet. Second paragraph, Mr. Butner. 15:13:21 THE COURT: 14. 14 Robin put amended right behind it. 15 15:13:29 MR. BUTNER: 16 Right. 15:13:32 MS. CHAPMAN: So the RAJI reads after the State 15:13:33 17 finishes the presentation of its evidence, the defendant 15:13:37 18 may present evidence. We have added the phrase "but is 19 15:13:39 never required to do so," which is consistent with the 20 15:13:41 15:13:44 21 law, and we would propose that language be added. THE COURT: Any objection to that? 15:13:48 22 MR. BUTNER: No. No objection. 23 15:13:50 THE COURT: So ordered then. I will keep that 24 15:13:53

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in.

1 MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, we had proposed -- the 15:13:55 15:14:01 2 entire RAJI preliminary 23 has a third and fourth and 15:14:08 3 fifth paragraph that I think the Court has not included. 15:14:27 Actually here is what happened. It looks 15:14:28 like the Court put the preliminary RAJI about questions to 6 the Court in the middle of the proposed preliminary RAJI 15:14:34 7 23. 15:14:38 MR. BUTNER: Could you tell us where we're at? 15:14:41 MS. CHAPMAN: We are still in the same place on 15:14:43 10 page 14. 15:14:45 And which paragraph? 11 MR. BUTNER: 15:14:50 12 MS. CHAPMAN: It's the paragraph that begins if 15:14:52 15:14:54 13 you have a question. Okay. About the case flow, a I5:14:56 14 MR. BUTNER: 15 witness, or for me? 15:15:00 MS. CHAPMAN: Yes. Just a moment here. 16 15:15:03 So that is actually RAJI preliminary 15 in 17 15:15:22 the middle of RAJI preliminary 23, and I think we proposed 15:15:25 18 it as it is proposed by the committee and I don't think 19 15:15:34 20 there was any amendment here. I don't think there is any 15:15:38 21 problem with that. 15:15:43 THE COURT: In terms of location within the 15:15:45 22 23 instructions? 15:15:47 24 MS. CHAPMAN: Right. 15:15:48 MR. BUTNER: What is the part that is stuck in 25 15:15:57

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there? Where is that now?

MS. CHAPMAN: That whole paragraph if you have a question that ends that entire paragraph on page 14.

MR. BUTNER: Right.

MS. CHAPMAN: Is just RAJI preliminary RAJI 15 inserted into the middle of the preliminary RAJI 23.

MR. BUTNER: Oh, I see. I see now.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. Then I think that the reference to an amendment on page 15 with the paragraph that starts at the end of page 14, "then the attorneys will make closing arguments," simply that I think there are two proposed paragraph fours in the proposed preliminary RAJI 23 and I think we had just recommended one of them as opposed to the other, and that's included there and there is no other amendments to that preliminary RAJI 23.

I think all the other proposed instructions from your Honor's preliminary jury instructions that were e-mailed are right out of the preliminary RAJI proposals with no amendments other than the presumption of innocence and burden of proof instruction which I think we could take up now.

THE COURT: Any other additions that you think are not in there, Mr. Butner, that need to be in there?

MR. BUTNER: I don't think so, Judge. These are

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fine.

THE COURT: The only thing we need to discuss then is the Portillo versus what is in the draft.

> MR. BUTNER: Right.

MS. CHAPMAN: All right, your Honor. We had filed a bench memorandum with respect to this proposed There is an error in the memorandum and I instruction. want to be clear about that.

The language from the proposed preliminary RAJI 19, which is the presumption of proof and burden of innocence is from the Portillo case. I think that the motion suggests there was part of the language that wasn't from Portillo, but, in fact, all is from Portillo.

What we have done is to propose a blending of that preliminary RAJI 19 as well as the preliminary jury instruction from the Ninth Circuit criminal jury instruction 3.5.

Part of the reason for doing that, which I think particularly significant now is the research that suggests that jurors who are capitally qualified through the voir dire process of capital qualification, according to all of the undisputed social science research from the capital jury project is that those jurors have a more difficult time basically according the defendant the presumption of innocence and requiring the State to meet

15:18:56 1 its burden of proof.

I think we saw evidence of this in detail with our individual voir dire for people who flatly told us that they would have concerns about Mr. Democker if he determined that he wasn't going to testify. They also said they would wonder and in other ways evidence their lack of commitment, frankly, about the fundamental principle about the presumption of innocence.

This proposed instruction that is taken in part again from the preliminary RAJI 19 and in part from 3.5 of the Ninth Circuit proposed instruction, I believe is more clear about what's required about the government's burden of proof and the presumption of innocence, and I detailed how it's been amended.

"there are very few things in this world that we know with absolute certainty" and instead what we put in was from the 3.5 of the Ninth Circuit rules (sic) which says "it's not required that the government" and actually it should say State.

THE COURT: Right. I noted that already.

MS. CHAPMAN: It is not required that the State prove guilt beyond all possible doubt. A reasonable doubt is based upon reason and common sense and is not based purely on speculation. It may arise from the careful,

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impartial consideration of all of the evidence or from 15:20:14 1 15:20:16 2 lack of evidence. If, after a careful, impartial 15:20:20 consideration of all of the evidence, you are not convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant is 15:20:22 guilty, it is your duty to find the defendant not guilty. 15:20:24 5 6 On the other hand, if after careful, impartial 15:20:28 consideration of all of the evidence, you are convinced 7 15:20:30 beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant is guilty, it 15:20:33 is your duty to find the defendant guilty. 15:20:35 I think that's an accurate statement of the 10 15:20:37 11 15:20:39 law.

I think it is less confusing than this citation from Portillo which talks about things we know in the world with absolute certainty.

THE COURT: The trouble is I think I am bound by State versus Portillo.

MR. BUTNER: Yeah.

THE COURT: Arizona Supreme Court tells me I am bound by State versus Portillo.

And all I can say, your Honor, is MS. CHAPMAN: that in this capital context where I don't think the question has been squarely considered, because we have a capitally qualified jury and because we know that when we capitally qualify a jury, they have different views than a regular jury about the presumption of innocence and burden of proof, that it would be appropriate to offer this

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1 | amended instruction on that basis.

I understand the Court's bound by Portillo, but I do think in this circumstance we're talking about a capitally qualified jury and you have undisputed scientific evidence that a capitally qualified jury understands language and terminology and basic principles differently than a non-capitally qualified jury and particularly here where we're now talking about trying a noncapital case to a capitally qualified jury, that this would be appropriate.

THE COURT: Mr. Butner.

MR. BUTNER: Judge, I think counsel -- they may believe it's appropriate to offer it, but the Arizona Supreme Court says it's not appropriate to give it.

They say this instruction -- and they refer specifically to all of that language in Portillo -- is to be given in every criminal case and I think that we're in Arizona and we should not deviate from what the Arizona Supreme Court has to say about that, and, of course, invites error if we do.

THE COURT: Ms. Chapman.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, I won't say much more about it other than I think in this specific capital context, and Mr. Butner didn't respond to that, I think, you know, trying a noncapital charge to a capitally

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qualified jury probably invites error anyway. But if we are going to do that, we ought to be particular about the language that we use with respect to these very basic principles, and that is what we propose.

It's not like we made this up on our own.

This has been approved by the Ninth Circuit. This is the language that is offered in that instruction. I think it's more clear and I think it addresses the social science research that the State has not disputed and no research has disputed about how juries view and understand this information once they have been capitally qualified.

THE COURT: I am old enough so I am very comfortable with the language that is used by the instruction that you are proposing, having practiced long enough to have used something pre-Portillo, but I think I am bound by the Arizona Supreme Court's rulings with regards to giving the Portillo instruction and not a modified Portillo instruction, but invites the use of the Ninth Circuit 3.5 aspects that you have included. So I am going to go with what the Arizona Supreme Court tells me I am supposed to go with.

MS. CHAPMAN: Your Honor, we don't --

THE COURT: I am not saying that it wouldn't be a case that, because of the distinctions that you have drawn, might not be appropriate to make a change, but I

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think they will have to tell me that.

MS. CHAPMAN: Understood. I think with that, your Honor, with respect to the preliminary instructions that were e-mailed, not the ones that were handed to us --

THE COURT: Toss the ones that I gave you today.

MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. Then I think we would have no other amendments or corrections and I will research the issue of jurors consulting other juror's notes and I will provide that to your Honor early next week.

THE COURT: As I told Robin, that's easy enough to change on short notice, but I think I am satisfied with the ones that you have -- the ones that I have to change like Portillo.

MS. CHAPMAN: Just one moment, your Honor.

The other issue in light of the Court's decisions yesterday, there is a preliminary RAJI with respect to expert witnesses that we proposed in an unamended form and I think that your Honor included in the e-mailed instruction and I would propose that we be permitted, as several courts have done, post-NAS, to propose an alternative to that instruction in the preliminaries and I haven't done that yet.

THE COURT: As long as I have the basics of what we're dealing with pretty much flushed out, which I think both sides have done here, please send whatever you're

1 sending. And it might be best, since Robin isn't here, to 15:25:38 15:25:46 2 fax what you are doing as well as electronically or having 15:25:51 John Sears bring in a hard copy of whatever it is that you 15:25:57 are proposing just so you make sure that I get it. Robin out, I am not sure I am going to have the 15:26:00 5 consistency I have when Robin is in. 15:26:02 MS. CHAPMAN: You have not changed to your 7 15:26:04 e-mail, your Honor. 15:26:06 8 Well, actually if you e-mail it to 15:26:06 9 THE COURT: me, then I will be sure to get it. 10 15:26:10 11 MS. CHAPMAN: 15:26:12 Okay. 12 THE COURT: Do you have my e-mail as well as 15:26:13 **5**:26:15 13 Robin's? Both sides? MS. CHAPMAN: Why don't you give it to us, so for 15:26:18 14 15 sure we'd have it. 15:26:19 MR. BUTNER: I am sure we have it. 16 15:26:19 THE COURT: It's TLindber, no G, all small -- no 15:26:22 17 caps at courts dot AZ dot US. 15:26:30 18 Your Honor, we can go to you --19 MS. CHAPMAN: 15:26:39 20 THE COURT: L-I-N-D-B-E-R. 15:26:42 21 MS. CHAPMAN: Okay. THE COURT: They only have so many spaces 15:26:45 22 15:26:47 23 apparently. It's GOV. 24 THE REPORTER: 15:26:50 THE COURT: At dot GOV, not dot US. Dot GOV. 25 5:26:51

15:26:57	1	MS. CHAPMAN: At courts dot AZ dot GOV.
15:27:00	2	THE COURT: Let me verify that when I go back in
15:27:02	3	and make sure.
15:27:05	4	MR. HAMMOND: I think that is right, your Honor.
15:27:09	5	THE COURT: They changed it a time or two.
15:27:13	6	MR. HAMMOND: I think that is it.
15:27:14	7	THE COURT: I never send myself emails.
15:27:17	8	MR. HAMMOND: I think that's correct.
15:27:19	9	THE COURT: I think you're right.
15:27:20	10	MR. BUTNER: I take it counsel will send us that
15:27:23	11	proposed modified instruction by e-mail also?
15:27:25	12	MS. CHAPMAN: Absolutely.
15:27:26	13	MR. BUTNER: Thank you.
15:27:27	14	THE COURT: The usual practice as I understand
15:27:29	15	it.
15:27:30	16	MR. BUTNER: She's very good at it, Judge.
15:27:32	17	THE COURT: Yes, she is.
15:27:34	18	MR. BUTNER: A little too good, in fact, really.
15:27:35	19	THE COURT: I appreciate all the help, frankly,
15:27:38	20	you have given Robin in the exchanges for both sides when
15:27:40	21	you e-mail stuff in.
15:27:44	22	MR. PAPORE: Yes, your Honor. I just tested that
15:27:45	23	e-mail I just tested that e-mail and it bounced back.
15:27:47	24	THE COURT: Bounced back.
15:27:50	25	MR. PAPORE: T-L-I-N-B-E-R-S at CPS.

1 THE COURT: No. Courts. At courts. 15:27:54 15:28:00 2 C-O-U-R-T-S. MR. PAPORE: 15:28:01 I see. THE COURT: Courts dot AZ dot GOV. 15:28:08 Thank you. If you want to double check and 15:28:14 5 6 verify that it was received. 15:28:28 MR. PAPORE: It went through this time, your 15:28:32 7 Mr. Hammond showed me the error of my ways. 15:28:34 If you want to call and make sure 9 THE COURT: 15:28:38 that the judge knows to look on his computer to find what 10 15:28:40 we sent, feel free, but it might be easier than faxing it. 15:28:44 11 All right. What other issues do you think 12 15:28:54 you need to address at this point? 15:28:57 13 MR. SEARS: So that I understand --15:29:04 14 MR. BUTNER: Anything further today? Anything 15 15:29:06 16 further today? 15:29:08 15:29:08 THE COURT: Today. 17 I could want to ask a little bit MR. SEARS: 15:29:09 18 19 about Wednesday. 15:29:11 20 MR. BUTNER: That is what I was going to ask 15:29:12 21 about, too. 15:29:14 I imagine. Margaret sent me an 15:29:15 22 THE COURT: e-mail that indicated that she had begun with the 23 15:29:19 preliminary job I set her to, which was bringing the jury 24 15:29:25 panel back at nine o'clock on Wednesday for additional 25 15:29:29

voir dire of all 40 and she had received confirmation as of two, three hours ago of 26 of the 40. So she is still working on getting verification from the rest they would be here.

MR. SEARS: What do you see as the course of events there from nine o'clock on Wednesday?

THE COURT: Additional voir dire that pertains to the four questions that I asked, advising them about the death penalty being off the table, that there would not be two other phases of the trial, and whatever other suggestions you may have with regard to explaining to them and trying to ascertain whether any of them would be unable to sit as a fair and impartial juror on the guilt or innocence phase of the case as a result of all that.

MR. SEARS: Will we have an opportunity before that begins --

THE COURT: Yes, please, at 8:15.

MR. SEARS: -- to talk about what the Court's remarks would be and how voir would be conducted?

e-mail, your proposals and I will try to incorporate those on Tuesday so that we can use them and implement them on Wednesday, but I would like to have you all here by 8:15 so that we can have you here before the jury gets there to discuss those.

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MR. SEARS: Mr. Butner and I had begun a discussion sometime ago, and we picked it up again today, in which we thought it was a good idea for each side to look at or at least be aware of whatever demonstrative exhibits either side would use during opening statements and I think we're moving towards that, and we have sent an e-mail to them asking for their witness schedule so that we can have the right materials and the right information available, but the sooner we have the witness information, the better off because that work is being done at least initially in Phoenix and needs to be completed and brought up here so we can work with it and be prepared to go forward.

So if the State knows, for example, their first three or four days of witnesses, that would be very important for us.

THE COURT: I would like both sides to give an indication to the other side who your witnesses are going to be that are going to be called over at least the next two to three days.

MR. SEARS: Our first witness will be Peter Barnett. Could I say that.

MR. BUTNER: He doesn't let go, does he.

THE COURT: That is what I love about him.

MR. BUTNER: No comment if you can --

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THE COURT: I would order and expect both sides to -- I will grant that there can be emergencies and unexpected unforeseen events that may require some changing, but it sure makes the case flow a lot better for both sides, if the other -- if both sides are advised of who the next several days' witnesses are going to be, even if you don't want to give a heads-up on precisely the order you are calling them. I think -- I don't see anything wrong with giving each other the precise order of

Your Honor, in that respect, to the extent that we use trial witness subpoenas, the work we have done so far is I have had them all issued returnable

I would ask for an order today making them all continuing subpoenas so that we don't have to re-issue them, because in a trial like this, it would be virtually impossible for us to accurately predict for people when they would be called to testify. That the subpoena forms we use always have contact information and request they contact one or the other of the numbers in advance of their testimony to be sure they will be there, but I would ask for an order continuing the subpoenas.

The State would ask for the same, MR. BUTNER: Judge. We have the same problem.

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THE COURT: No doubt. I will order that the subpoenas that have been issued are ongoing and continuing subpoenas and to the extent that you need a formal order for each side, if you would prep me a written order.

MR. SEARS: I think this is enough record, your Honor -- thank you -- for our purposes.

THE COURT: If you would convey to your respective witnesses the subpoena is ordered by the Court to be an ongoing continuing subpoena until the point where they have testified and been excused, that would be appreciated.

MR. SEARS: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. HAMMOND: Judge, this morning when Mr. Sears asked for all of the transcripts of the voir dire, you declined that request.

THE COURT: Expedited I think was the adjective used as well.

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ HAMMOND: Right. That was the one intended. I'm sorry I left it out.

We do want at least this morning's transcript and we would like the Court to approve our request on an expedited basis.

THE COURT: What do you have available on your schedule for being able to do an expedited of the morning?

15:35:15 15:35:18 15:35:20 15:35:22 15:35:26 15:35:29 15:35:33 15:35:36 15:35:38 15:35:40 15:35:41 15:35:43 15:35:45 15:35:50 15:35:51 15:35:53 15:35:58 15:36:03 15:36:07 15:36:13

And what is your meaning of expedited, Mr. Hammond, so we are all on the same page.

MR. HAMMOND: I think we already have an agreement with respect to that.

THE COURT: In terms of funding source, to the extent it's coming out of the --

MR. HAMMOND: I have sent an e-mail.

THE COURT: Have you had any response from that?

MR. HAMMOND: I don't think so, but I think that

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THE COURT: I will go ahead and approve the expedited preparation of the transcript.

Is it with regard to any portion or you want the whole morning?

MR. HAMMOND: We asked for the whole morning, but what we really want is the entire transcript that related to the question of the jury selection, your voir dire and I think we figured out what it is. It is most of the --

THE COURT: Pertaining to the morning of 28 May 2010, and to the extent there are limitations agreed upon between the Court Reporter and counsel, the Court would approve that subject to any required approvals from other agents of the government that may be necessary according to local practice.

Anything else that you think I need to rule

on this afternoon? <u>1</u>5:36:42 1 5:36:43 2 MR. SEARS: I think we are caught up. THE COURT: Mr. Butner, anything else that you 15:36:46 think I need to rule on this afternoon? 15:36:48 MR. BUTNER: Nothing further. 5 15:36:49 THE COURT: We'll resume at 8:15 on June 2nd, 6 15:36:51 Wednesdays June 2nd for court and counsel and defendant 15:36:55 7 and we have the jury coming in -- the jury panel that has 15:36:59 to date been selected of the 40 members planned for nine 15:37:06 o'clock, so we will have about 45 minutes to work with, so 10 15:37:11 11 let's be expeditious. 15:37:13 15:37:15 12 Have a good weekend. 13 MR. BUTNER: Thanks, Judge. 15:37:17 ---000---14 15 15:37:19 15:37:19 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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CERTIFICATE

hereby certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true

testimony given in the hearing of the matter entitled as

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Dated: July 16, 2010.

upon the first page hereof.

and accurate transcript of the proceedings had and

Sandra K Markham, CR, RPR, CSR

I, SANDRA K MARKHAM, Certified Reporter, do

Certified Reporter

Arizona License No. 50001